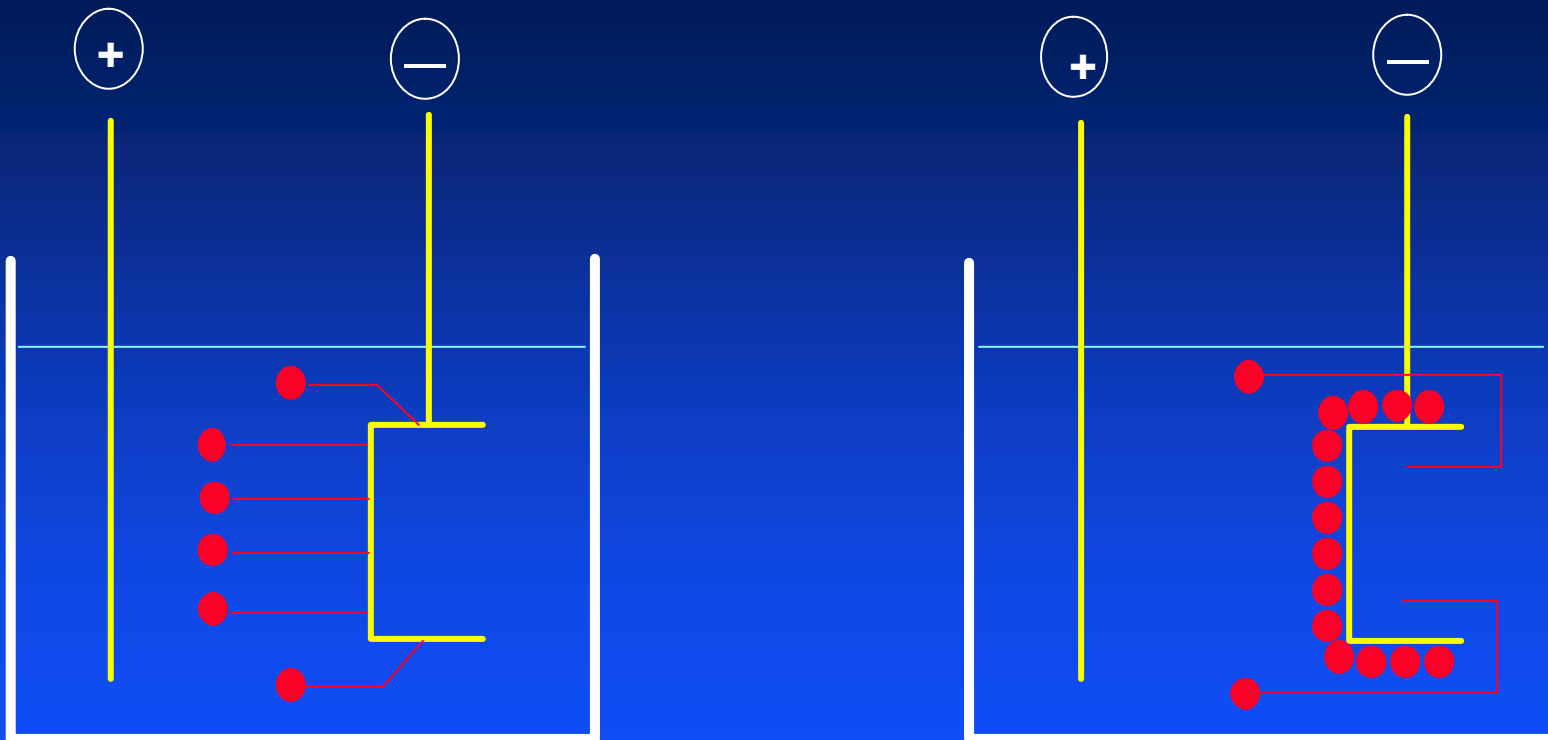


ELECTROLAC

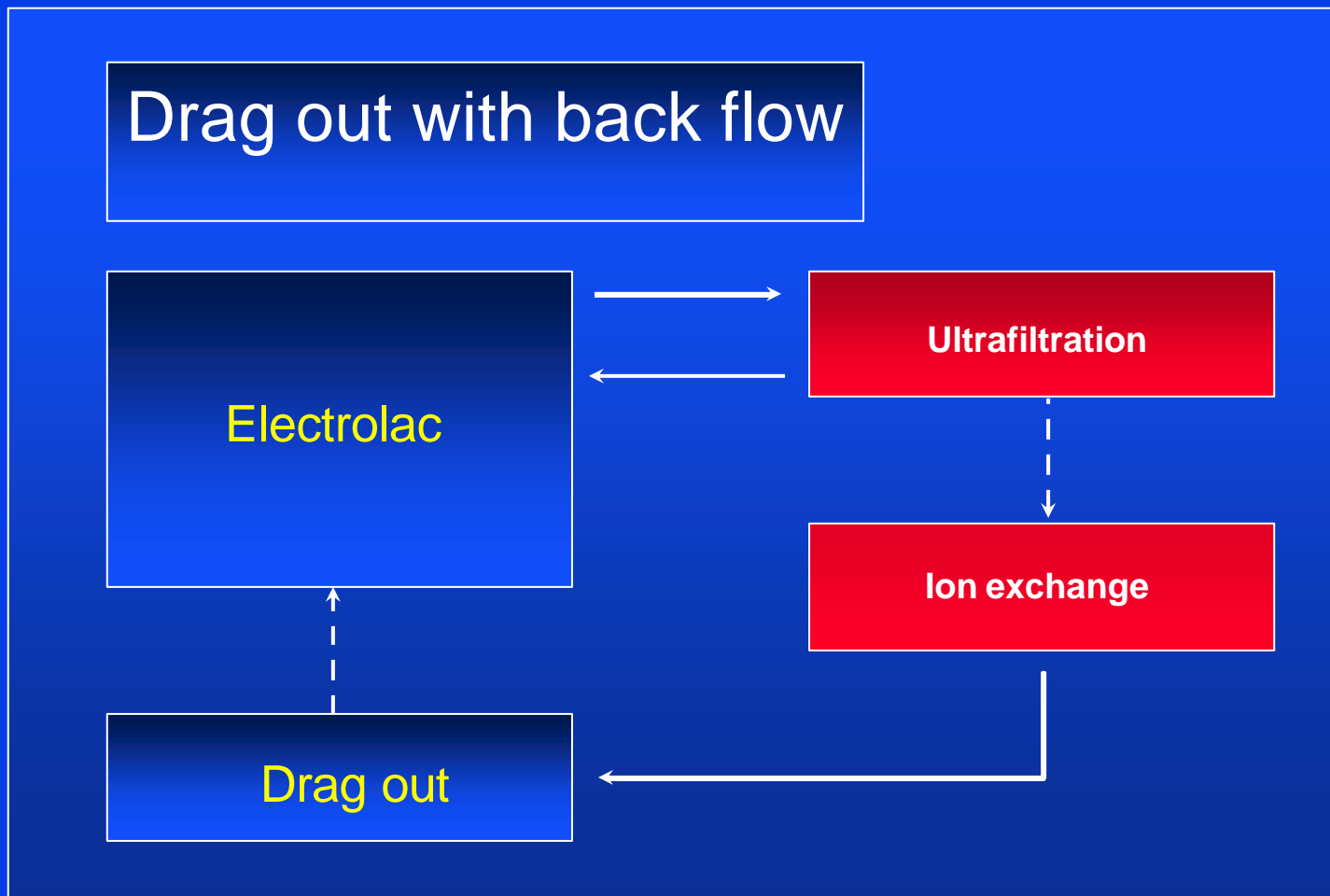
Electrophoretic lacquer

ELECTROLAC



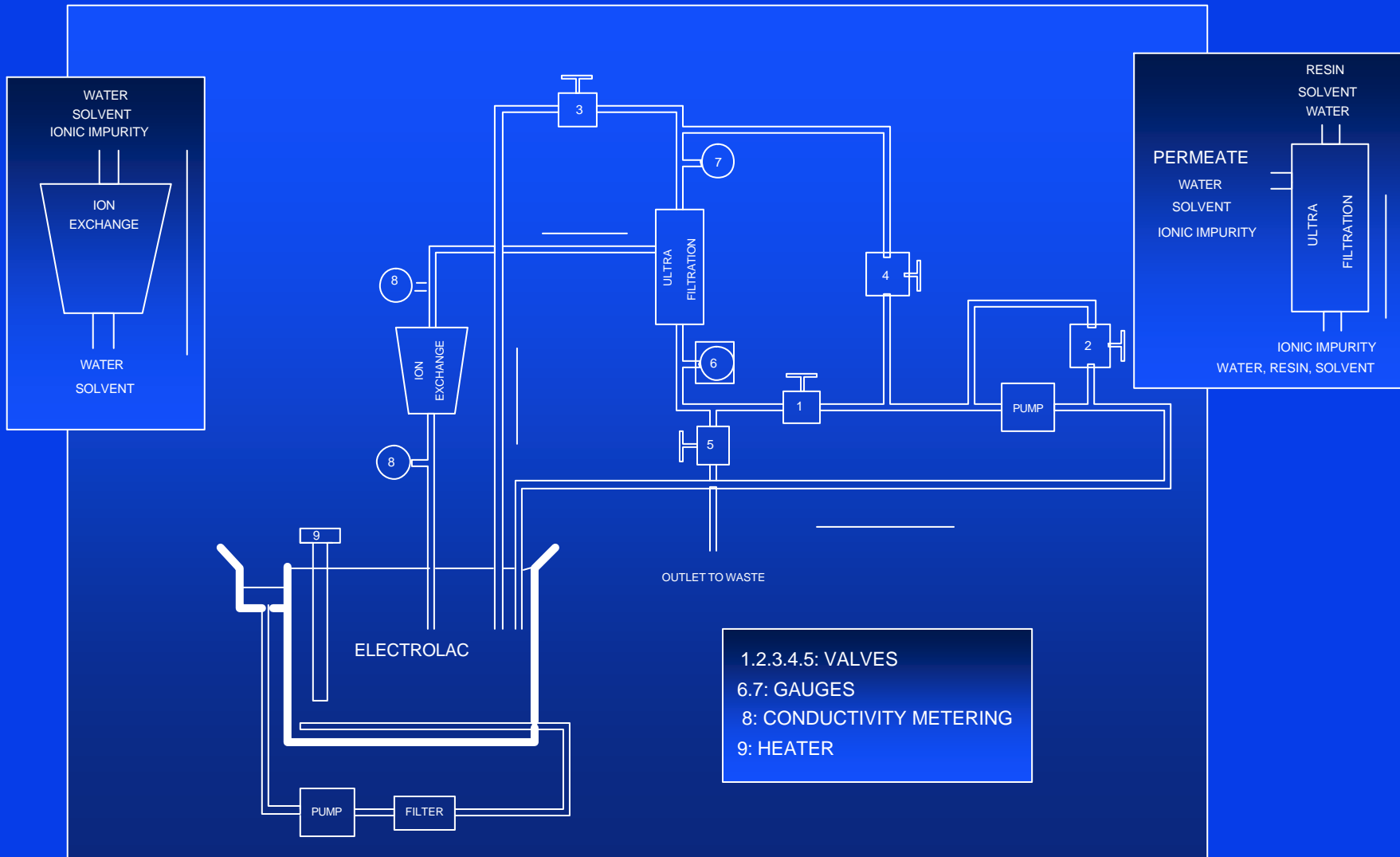
Throwing power

ELECTROLAC PROCESS



ELECTROLAC PLANT LAYOUT

Permeate return direct to Electrolac tank



FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- **Low curing temperature**
- **Even coating on large flat surfaces**
- **Good range of dyes available**
- **Excellent hard, glossy finish**

- **In line**
- **Uniform coverage**
- **Complex shapes**
- **'Run' and tear free**
- **No blocking of small apertures**
- **Water based**

Water based: Replaces flammable solvent systems

Clarity: Probably the clearest of all

Easy to let down: It is thin and mixes so easily with water

Long term stability: In the tank: can be worked hard or left for many months without use and started up again

Stable/Economical: For use with closed loop rinses giving large savings to the user

**Easy to run and:
Predictable** By carrying out simple measurements and analysis the Electrolac can be run for years by keeping within the operating parameters

Low Stoving:

Probably the lowest stoving of all:
150°C (Or even 145°C). Helping to
avoid blistering of castings and cost
saving

Non Yellowing:

Superior urethane - acrylate
technology gives over 2000 hours
“Q.U.V” (water + U.V.) without
yellowing on silver!

Corrosion Resistant: 900 hours neutral salt spray on polished, passivated brass can be achieved

Smooth, even coatings: Coats out well over large flat areas

Any metal: Electrolac is cathodic and can be used on any conductive metal surface. For example: does not discolour brass, copper or silver

Drip free: Smooth even coatings without drips

Hard: Pencil hardness when stoved is 4H-5H

Solvent Resistant: Acetone, MEK and many other solvents apart from methylene chloride

Colour: Can be coloured with many different dyes by simple dip process

- **Designed for smooth clear or coloured coatings up to about 10 microns.**
- **Figures quoted refer to a medium coating of about 7 microns dry thickness.**